

Warm-up

Find the inverse.

1.  $y = 2x - 3$

2.  $y = \sqrt[3]{2x}$

Handwritten work for problem 1:

$$x = 2y - 3$$

$$\frac{x+3}{2} = y$$

Point:  $(-1, 1)$

Handwritten work for problem 2:

$$x^3 = \sqrt[3]{2y^3}$$

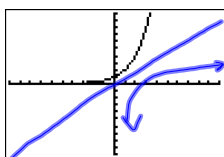
$$x^3 = 2y$$

$$\frac{x^3}{2} = y$$

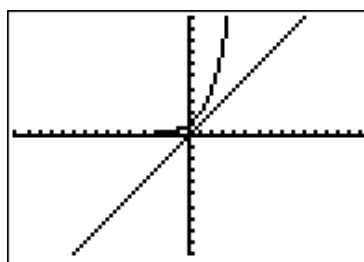
## 10-2 Logarithms and Logarithmic Functions

$y = 2^x$

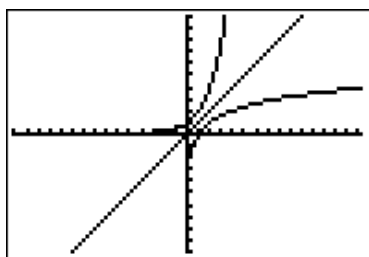
$x = 2^y$



Does this graph have an inverse?



Does this graph have an inverse?



$y = 2^x \quad y = \log_2 x$

"log base 2 of x"

Inverses of each other

$y = b^x \quad y = \log_b x$

What is the inverse?

$y = 10^x$

Handwritten work:

$$1000 = 10^3$$

$$(3, 1000)$$

$$(1, 10)$$

$y = \log_{10} x$

Handwritten work:

$$(1000, 3)$$

$$(10, 1)$$

## Characteristics of a Logarithmic Function

1. The function is continuous and one-to-one.
2. The domain is the set of all positive real numbers.
3. The  $y$ -axis is an asymptote of the graph.
4. The range is the set of all real numbers.
5. The graph contains the point  $(1, 0)$ . That is, the  $x$ -intercept is 1.

Suppose  $b$  and  $x$  are positive, and  $b \neq 1$ , then, there is a number  $y$  such that:

$$\log_b x = y \text{ iff } b^y = x$$

(Used to convert between logarithmic and exponential form.)

$$\log_b x = y \text{ iff } b^y = x$$

Logarithmic Form

Exponential Form

$$\log_2 16 = 4$$

$$2^4 = 16$$

$$\log_2 8 = 3$$

$$2^3 = 8$$

$$\log_2 1 = 0$$

$$2^0 = 1$$

$$\log_2 x = y$$

$$2^y = x$$

$$\log_b x = y$$

$$b^y = x$$

$$\log_b x = y \text{ iff } b^y = x$$

Logarithmic Form

Exponential Form

$$\log_{10} 1000 = 3$$

$$\log_{16} 4 = .5$$

$$\log_3 27 = 3$$

$$\log_9 81 = 2$$

Evaluate a logarithmic expression.

$$\text{ex } \log_2 64 = y$$

$$\text{ex } \log_{25} 5 = -y$$

$$\text{ex } \log_{10} 0.1$$

$$2^y = 64$$

$$2^y = 2^6$$

$$y = 6$$

$$25^y = 5$$

$$5^{2y} = 5^1$$

$$\frac{1}{2}$$

Remember:

Two functions are inverses iff  
 $[f \circ g] x = x$  and  $[g \circ f] x = x$

Inverses of each other

$$y = b^x \quad y = \log_b x$$

$$f(x) = b^x \quad g(x) = \log_b x$$

$$b^{\log_b x} = x$$

Properties of logs

$$\log_b b^x = x$$

$$\frac{\text{ex}}{\log_2 2^5}$$

5

$$\frac{\text{ex}}{\log_4 4^2}$$

2

$$\frac{\text{ex}}{\log_7 49}$$

2

$$\frac{\text{ex}}{3^{\log_3 5}}$$

5

$$\frac{\text{ex}}{8^{\log_8 10}}$$

10

DO:

1.  $\log_{1/2} 32$

2.  $\log_9 27$

3.  $\log_5 125$

4.  $\log_8 4$

5.  $9^{\log_9 5}$

6.  $\log_{\sqrt{3}} 9\sqrt{3}$

p536

21-31 odd

33-44